

Save the date: April 28, 2022 Sanofi's Virtual Media Briefing

15th International Conference on Advanced Technologies & Treatments for Diabetes



Join us for **Sanofi's global virtual media briefing** during the **15th International Conference on Advanced Technologies & Treatments for Diabetes (ATTD)**.

Date: **Thursday April 28, 2022**

Time: **18:00 – 19:00 CEST (local Spanish time)**

Register here (via Zoom): https://sanofi.zoom.com/webinar/register/WN_QJ2ghJMsQDqliYoAn2RKDA

At ATTD, we will focus on Time in Range (TiR) in type 1 diabetes (T1D) using continuous glucose monitoring (CGM) to enable more personalized care. **Results from the InRange study will be the highlight of Sanofi's media briefing.** Results will be announced **under embargo**. (The news embargo lifts at 10am CEST on Friday April 29th.)

TiR is the amount of time a person spends with their blood sugar level between 70-180 mg/dL. Each incremental 5% increase in TiR has been associated with clinically significant benefits for people living with diabetes. More daily TiR can help give greater feelings of personal or therapeutic success.^{1,2}

Join the virtual media briefing to hear from experts in diabetes, including Prof. Tadej Battelino, Dr Richard Bergenstal and Kelly Close on:

- **Results from the InRange study**
- **The unmet need around blood sugar variability**
- **What Time in Range means for people living with diabetes and clinical practice**

A live Q&A will take place with experts and key opinion leaders in diabetes, as well as Sanofi spokespeople.

There will also be an opportunity for one-to-one interviews.

Register today and save the date of **April 28, 2022**. After registering, you will be able to add the event your calendar. This will also include a Zoom link for you to access the Media Briefing on the day.

To request an interview, email SanofiDiabetesMedia@havaslifemedicom.com and we will send you more details accordingly.

We look forward to connecting with you at #ATTD2022

References

1. Battelino T, et al. Diabetes Care. 2019;42:1593–603.
2. Runge AS, et al. Clin Diabetes. 2018;38:112-119.